V&V Summary Report L2 ASCDS Version : 10.7.1

Observation 22088 - L2 Version 2 Chandra X-Ray Center

L2 Processing Date : Feb 14 2019

See axaff22088N002_VV001_vvref2.pdf for the full report

V&V Scientist	Beth Sundheim
V&V Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2019.02.15
V&V Edition	1
V&V Disposition and Status	OK
V&V Charge Time	26.953441702247

Comments

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To compensate for a few bad pixels not marked as bad that were not removed in the Level 2 processing, a custom bad pixel file with additional bad pixels at (chipx, chipy) = (232:234,322:339) in S1 was added in this processing. As a result, the user will NOT find a relatively bright square of pixels on the S1 chip for level 2 data caused by the application of the dither algorithm to the bad pixels in question, as opposed to previous processing(s).

The focal plane temperature during part of this observation was warmer than the upper limit for optimum calibration of the ACIS gain and spectral resolution (i.e., -114.0 C for ACIS-I and -112.0 C for ACIS-S).

The Chandra calibration team calibrates the ACIS gain and spectral resolution using data from the external calibration source (ECS). ECS data show that the frontside-illuminated (FI) CCDs are more temperature sensitive than the backside-illuminated (BI) CCDs.

A summary of the current calibration status of the ACIS gain and spectral resolution can be found at:

http://asc.harvard.edu/cal/Acis/Cal_prods/Gain_and_Spectral_Resolution/A CIS_response_summary.html

The main points are: 1) The gain on BI chips remains within 0.3% (i.e., the systematic uncertainty in the ACIS gain quoted on the Chandra Calibration Status Summary web page) at all measured temperatures. 2) The gain on FI chips remains within 0.3% below row 600 at all measured temperatures. 3) The gain on FI chips above row 600 can be underestimated by as much as 1% for focal plane temperatures exceeding -116 C. 4) The spectral resolution (i.e., FWHM) on BI chips is insensitive to the focal plane temperature. 5) Warmer focal plane temperatures increase the FWHM on FI chips by up to 30 eV near row 512 and by up to 70 eV near the top of the chips. In summary, the user should be cautious in the spectral analysis of high S/N emission lines detected on the top half of FI chips in this observation. Default processing with the current version of the CALDB will underestimate photon energies by up to 1% and broaden emission lines by up to 70 eV.

seq_num	703859	Sequence number
obs_id	22088	Observation id
title	Calibration of the quasar Hubble diagram with z	Proposal title
observer	Francesca Civano	Principal investigator
object	SDSSJ081331.13+040949.4	Source name
dtycycle	0	
cycle	Р	events from which exps? Prim/Second/Both
ra_targ	123.379738	Observer's specified target RA [deg]
dec_targ	4.163727	Observer's specified target Dec [deg]
ra_nom	123.38358917451	Nominal RA [deg]
dec_nom	4.1638637471899	Nominal Dec [deg]
roll_nom	298.37783901077	Nominal Roll [deg]
revision	2	Processing version of data
ontime	26953.441702247	Sum of GTIs [s]
livetime	26601.275143572	Livetime [s]
ontime5	26953.400662303	Sum of GTIs [s]
ontime6	26950.218572021	Sum of GTIs [s]
ontime7	26953.441702247	Sum of GTIs [s]
ontime8	26953.318582296	Sum of GTIs [s]
12events	297945	Number of level 2 events

