V&V Summary Report L2 ASCDS Version : 10.7.1

Observation 22171 - L2 Version 2 Chandra X-Ray Center

L2 Processing Date : Apr 18 2019

See axaff22171N002_VV001_vvref2.pdf for the full report

V&V Scientist	Beth Sundheim
V&V Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2019.04.18
V&V Edition	1
V&V Disposition and Status	OK
V&V Charge Time	40.048900308132

Comments

A spatial region of the original bias maps for CCD = 6 and CCD = 8suffered from anomalously high data values. Pixels in the event data that were bias-corrected by one of the original affected bias pixels may have an apparent energy shift. While the change in energy is expected to be small (~20 eV), it depends on many parameters that have not yet been fully explored for this bias anomaly. The bias maps for CCD = 6 and CCD= 8 have been reconstructed for this processing to remove this anomaly using scaled data from a comparable bias map from another observation. The pixels on CCD = 6 affected by the anomaly are bounded by sky coords:

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(307.64245,44.42640), (307.63908,44.40607), (307.70984,44.40008),
(307.70716,44.42092).
The pixels on CCD = 8 affected by the anomaly are bounded by sky coords:
(307.58768,44.09432), (307.58648,44.08700), (307.77947,44.07050),
(307.78070,44.07782).
==
The focal plane temperature during part of this observation was warmer
than the upper limit for optimum calibration of the ACIS gain and
spectral resolution (i.e., -114.0 C for ACIS-I and -112.0 C for
ACIS-S).
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The Chandra calibration team calibrates the ACIS gain and spectral resolution using data from the external calibration source (ECS). ECS data show that the frontside-illuminated (FI) CCDs are more temperature sensitive than the backside-illuminated (BI) CCDs. A summary of the current calibration status of the ACIS gain and spectral resolution can be found at:

http://asc.harvard.edu/cal/Acis/Cal_prods/Gain_and_Spectral_Resolution/A CIS_response_summary.html

The main points are: 1) The gain on BI chips remains within 0.3% (i.e., the systematic uncertainty in the ACIS gain quoted on the Chandra Calibration Status Summary web page) at all measured temperatures. 2) The gain on FI chips remains within 0.3% below row 600 at all measured temperatures. 3) The gain on FI chips above row 600 can be underestimated by as much as 1% for focal plane temperatures exceeding -116 C. 4) The spectral resolution (i.e., FWHM) on BI chips is insensitive to the focal plane temperature. 5) Warmer focal plane temperatures increase the FWHM on FI chips by up to 30 eV near row 512 and by up to 70 eV near the top of the chips. In summary, the user should be cautious in the spectral analysis of high S/N emission lines detected on the top half of FI chips in this observation. Default processing with the current version of the CALDB will underestimate photon energies by up to 1% and broaden emission lines by up to 70 eV.

seq_num	502997	Sequence number
obs_id	22171	Observation id
title	PSR J2030+4415: A Breakthrough Target for Bowshock Studies	Proposa
observer	Roger Romani	Principal investigator
object	PSR J2030+4415	Source name
dtycycle	0	
cycle	Р	events from which exps? Prim/Second/Both
ra_targ	307.714167	Observer's specified target RA [deg]
dec_targ	44.260861	Observer's specified target Dec [deg]
ra_nom	307.70961682054	Nominal RA [deg]
dec_nom	44.263029246936	Nominal Dec [deg]
roll_nom	83.159813457868	Nominal Roll [deg]
revision	2	Processing version of data
ontime	40048.900308132	Sum of GTIs [s]
livetime	39525.631942035	Livetime [s]
ontime2	40048.900308132	Sum of GTIs [s]
ontime3	40042.618347645	Sum of GTIs [s]
ontime6	40048.900308132	Sum of GTIs [s]
ontime7	40048.900308132	Sum of GTIs [s]
ontime8	40033.195485592	Sum of GTIs [s]
12events	287265	Number of level 2 events

