V&V Summary Report L2 ASCDS Version: 8.4.5

Observation 14634 - L2 Version 2 Chandra X-Ray Center

L2 Processing Date: Nov 27 2014

See axaff14634N002_VV001_vvref2.pdf for the full report

V&V Scientist	Joy Nichols
V&V Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2014.12.12
V&V Edition	1
V&V Disposition and Status	OK
V&V Charge Time	30.074

Comments

Zeroth order filtered with a grey filter, allowing 1 in 10 events to be recorded. The filter is 100 columns wide.

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As of November 1, 2009, events with a flight grade of 66 were added to

the telemetry stream for continuous-clocking mode observations because it

was found that a significant fraction of real X-ray events have this flight

grade in this mode. To prevent these events from being discarded from Level

2 event files, the CALDB grade file was modified to change the 'ASCA' grade

for these events from 7 (a bad grade) to 2 (a good grade). The new grade

file has been used in standard pipeline processing for code versions DS 10.3

and later (i.e. 2014 Oct 30 and later). Since the calibration products for

continuous-clocking mode observations are appropriate for data that includes

flight grade 66 events, data obtained on or after 2009 Nov 1, but that

processed using an earlier version of the pipeline code, should be reprocessed with CIAO using version 4.7 (i.e. 2014 December) or later.

these earlier continuous-clocking observations are not calibrated at present, spectral analyses of these data may yield inaccurate results.

For ACIS/CC-mode w/ HETG, at with no SIM-Z offset, there are no MEG even order counts. MEG even orders overlap with HEG orders in energy, but MEG even order efficiencies are very low. Since HEG and MEG cannot be spatially separated, events are preferentially assigned to HEG. (MEG odd orders can be resolved.) For observations with a SIM-Z offset, MEG negative and MEG positive orders will be missing (off the array), and remove some of the ambiguity.

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These data have been reprocessed with new aspect alignment calibration files that correct small mean offsets (up to 0.4 arcsecs) and improve overall astrometric accuracy. The new calibration was determined using data from the time period being reprocessed and was performed using cross-correlation of X-ray sources with radio and optical counterparts.

seq_num	401467	Sequence number
obs_id	14634	Observation id
title	Accretion and Ejection in a Neutron Star Transient	Proposal title
observer	Dr Jon Miller	Principal investigator
object	Swift J1910.2-0546	Source name
ra_targ	287.595	Observer's specified target RA [deg]
dec_targ	-5.798861	Observer's specified target Dec [deg]
ra_nom	287.59761246664	Nominal RA [deg]
dec_nom	-5.8004029184196	Nominal Dec [deg]
roll_nom	272.05757754329	Nominal Roll [deg]
revision	2	Processing version of data
ontime	30074.0	Sum of GTIs [s]
livetime	29956.5234375	Livetime [s]
ontime4	30074.0	Sum of GTIs [s]
ontime5	30074.0	Sum of GTIs [s]
ontime6	30074.0	Sum of GTIs [s]
ontime7	30074.0	Sum of GTIs [s]
ontime8	30074.0	Sum of GTIs [s]
ontime9	30074.0	Sum of GTIs [s]
12events	7917574	Number of level 2 events

