## V&V Summary Report L2 ASCDS Version : 10.7.1

## Observation 22245 - L2 Version 1 Chandra X-Ray Center

L2 Processing Date : Jun 10 2019

See axaff22245N001\_VV001\_vvref2.pdf for the full report

V&V Scientist	Jen Lauer
V&V Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2019.06.10
V&V Edition	1
V&V Disposition and Status	OK
V&V Charge Time	28.308012181282

## Comments

Roll preference met. Monitor constraint met. Optional chip IO not included.

## ==========

The focal plane temperature during the interval 676512777.01 - 676513846.51 (MET s) of this observation was warmer than the upper limit for optimum calibration of the ACIS gain and spectral resolution (i.e., -114.0 C for ACIS-I and -112.0 C for ACIS-S). The Chandra calibration team calibrates the ACIS gain and spectral

resolution using data from the external calibration source (ECS). ECS data show that the frontside-illuminated (FI) CCDs are more temperature sensitive than the backside-illuminated (BI) CCDs.

A summary of the current calibration status of the ACIS gain and spectral resolution can be found at:

http://asc.harvard.edu/cal/Acis/Cal\_prods/Gain\_and\_Spectral\_Resolution/A
CIS\_response\_summary.html

The main points are: 1) The gain on BI chips remains within 0.3% (i.e., the systematic uncertainty in the ACIS gain quoted on the Chandra Calibration Status Summary web page) at all measured temperatures.
2) The gain on FI chips remains within 0.3% below row 600 at all measured temperatures.
3) The gain on FI chips above row 600 can be underestimated by as much as 1% for focal plane temperatures exceeding -116 C.
4) The spectral resolution (i.e., FWHM) on BI chips is insensitive to the focal plane temperature.
5) Warmer focal plane temperatures increase the FWHM on FI chips by up to 30 eV near row 512 and by up to 70 eV near the top of the chips.

In summary, the user should be cautious in the spectral analysis of high S/N emission lines detected on the top half of FI chips in this observation. Default processing with the current version of the CALDB will underestimate photon energies by up to 1% and broaden emission lines by up to 70 eV.

seq_num	502999	Sequence number
obs_id	22245	Observation id
title	The Answer is Blowing in the Wind: Jet Sweepback in Three PWNe	Pro
observer	Roger Romani	Principal investigator
object	PSR J1709-4429	Source name
dtycycle	0	
cycle	Р	events from which exps? Prim/Second/Both
ra_targ	257.427724	Observer's specified target RA [deg]
dec_targ	-44.485585	Observer's specified target Dec [deg]
ra_nom	257.3550191928	Nominal RA [deg]
dec_nom	-44.48651763739	Nominal Dec [deg]
roll_nom	5.1577454772742	Nominal Roll [deg]
revision	1	Processing version of data
ontime	28308.012181282	Sum of GTIs [s]
livetime	27938.147162078	Livetime [s]
ontime1	28311.112201333	Sum of GTIs [s]
ontime2	28308.012181282	Sum of GTIs [s]
ontime3	28311.19428134	Sum of GTIs [s]
l2events	76882	Number of level 2 events

